

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS  
General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

**PAKISTAN STUDIES**

**2059/01**

Paper 1 History and Culture of Pakistan

May/June 2003

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

**1 hour 30 minutes**

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.  
Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.  
Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper.  
You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or rough working.  
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer any **three** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

- 1 (a) (i) What is the meaning of the word 'tasawwuf'? [1]  
 (ii) Who was known as the 'Mujaddid-i-alf-i-thani'?  
 (iii) Which town in the sub-continent did the British found in 1690?  
 (iv) Which country did the British invade in 1839? [1]
- (b) Why did Shah Wali Ullah wish to revive Islam in the sub-continent? [7]
- (c) 'The War of Independence of 1857 was caused by the greased cartridge incident'. Give reasons why you might agree and disagree with this statement. [14]
- 2 (a) (i) What is the meaning of the word 'swaraj'? [1]  
 (ii) Where was the Second Khilafat Conference held in 1919? [1]  
 (iii) In which year was the Communal Award made? [1]  
 (iv) What was the Wardha Scheme? [1]
- (b) Why was the Muslim League founded in 1906? [7]
- (c) 'The Morley-Minto reforms were the most important of the attempts by either the Muslims, Hindus or the British government in seeking a solution to the problems in the sub-continent between 1906 and 1920.'  
 Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer. [14]
- 3 (a) (i) Under the Division of Assets agreement of 1947, what sum of money was Pakistan awarded? [1]  
 (ii) Who replaced Lord Linlithgow as Viceroy of India in 1943? [1]  
 (iii) Who became Prime Minister of Pakistan following the death of Liaquat Ali Khan? [1]  
 (iv) Name the scheme begun in 1955 which established the unified Province of West Pakistan. [1]
- (b) Why was Dr Allama Muhammad Iqbal an important influence on the struggle for a separate homeland for Pakistan? [7]
- (c) Was the Simla Conference of 1945 the most important factor during the 1940s leading to the partition of the sub-continent in 1947? Give reasons for your answer. [14]

- 4 (a) (i) What was the 'Green Revolution'? [1]  
(ii) What is the meaning of 'PPP'?  
(iii) Who declared himself the Protector-General of religious minorities? [1]  
(iv) What are 'Maktabs'? [1]
- (b) Why did East Pakistan wish to break away from Pakistan? [7]
- (c) In which of the following did Zia-ul-Haq have most success between 1977 and 1988:  
(i) Islamization;  
(ii) economic affairs;  
(iii) political affairs?  
Explain your answer with reference to all three of the above. [14]
- 5 (a) (i) Who is regarded as the greatest of the Punjabi poets? [1]  
(ii) What is the meaning of the term 'NGO'? [1]  
(iii) What was the literacy rate of Pakistan in 1988? [1]  
(iv) With whom did Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto meet at Simla in 1972? [1]
- (b) Why did Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto fall from power in 1979? [7]
- (c) How successful has Pakistan been as a member of world organisations between 1947 and 1988? Explain your answer. [14]

